

## Exam 2

Friday, December 2, 2011

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Show all significant work and justify all your answers. This is a closed book exam. Use your own paper and/or the paper provided by the instructor. You have 50 minutes to work on the following 3 problems. Relax.

1. In this problem you will solve the linear, first-order differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -y + t. \quad (1)$$

- (a) Use integration by parts to evaluate the integral  $\int \tau e^\tau d\tau$ .
- (b) Explain why  $\mu(t) = e^t$  is an integrating factor of the equation in (1).
- (c) Give the general solution to the equation in (1).
2. Consider the non-linear, first-order differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = (y - 1)(y - 2). \quad (2)$$

- (a) Give the equilibrium solutions to the equation in (2) and determine their stability properties. Justify your answers.
- (b) Sketch possible solutions to the differential equation in (2).
- (c) Suppose that  $y = y(t)$  is a solution of (2) satisfying  $y(0) = 0$ . Compute  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} y(t)$ . Justify your answer.
3. In this problem you will compute the solution to the initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = (y - 1)(y - 2), \quad y(0) = 0. \quad (3)$$

- (a) Determine constants,  $A$  and  $B$ , such that

$$\frac{1}{(y - 1)(y - 2)} = \frac{A}{y - 1} + \frac{B}{y - 2}.$$

- (b) Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{1}{(y - 1)(y - 2)} dy$ .
- (c) Use separation of variable to solve the differential equation in (3) and give its general solution.
- (d) Give a formula for the solution,  $y = y(t)$ , to the initial value problem (3).