

## Assignment #16

Due on Friday, November 1, 2013

**Read** Section 5.3 on the *Independent Random Variables* and Section 6.1 on *The Normal Distribution* in the class lecture notes at <http://pages.pomona.edu/~ajr04747/>

**Read** Section 3.5 on *Marginal Distributions* in DeGroot and Schervish.

**Read** Section 5.6 on *The Normal Distribution* in DeGroot and Schervish.

**Do** the following problems

1. Suppose  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent and let  $g_1(X)$  and  $g_2(Y)$  be functions for which  $E(g_1(X)g_2(Y))$  exists. Show that

$$E(g_1(X)g_2(Y)) = E(g_1(X)) \cdot E(g_2(Y))$$

Conclude therefore that if  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent and  $E(|XY|)$  is finite, then

$$E(XY) = E(X) \cdot E(Y).$$

2. Suppose  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent random variables for which the moment generating functions exist on some common interval of values of  $t$ . Show that

$$\psi_{X+Y}(t) = \psi_X(t) \cdot \psi_Y(t)$$

for  $t$  is the given interval.

3. Suppose that  $X \sim \text{Normal}(\mu, \sigma^2)$  and define  $Y = \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma}$ .

Prove that  $Y \sim \text{Normal}(0, 1)$

4. Let  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  denote independent,  $\text{Normal}(0, \sigma^2)$  random variables, where  $\sigma > 0$ . Define the random variables

$$\bar{X} = \frac{X_1 + X_2}{2} \quad \text{and} \quad Y = \frac{(X_1 - X_2)^2}{2\sigma^2}.$$

Determine the distributions of  $\bar{X}$  and  $Y$ .

*Suggestion:* To obtain the distribution for  $Y$ , first show that

$$\frac{X_1 - X_2}{\sqrt{2} \sigma} \sim \text{Normal}(0, 1).$$

5. Let  $X_1, X_2, \bar{X}$  and  $Y$  be as in the previous problem. Prove that  $\bar{X}$  and  $Y$  are independent.

*Suggestion:* Start working on this problem as soon as possible!