

Problem Set #2: Inequalities

1. Given any real number x , we define the **absolute value** of x to be

$$|x| = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \geq 0, \\ -x & \text{if } x < 0. \end{cases}$$

Prove the following statements:

- (a) For any $x \in \mathbb{R}$, $|x| \geq 0$, and $|x| = 0$ iff $x = 0$.
 - (b) For any real numbers a and b , $|ab| = |a||b|$.
 - (c) For any real numbers a and b with $b > 0$, $|a| < b$ if and only if $-b < a < b$.
 - (d) For any real numbers a and b with $b > 0$, $|a| > b$ if and only if $a < -b$ or $a > b$.
 - (e) For any real number x , $|x|^2 = x^2$. Conclude therefore that $|x| = \sqrt{x^2}$.
2. Let x and y be real numbers such that $x > 0$ and $y > 0$.
- (a) Prove that $x < y$ iff $x^2 < y^2$.
 - (b) Prove that $x < y$ iff $\sqrt{x} < \sqrt{y}$.
3. Let a and b be real numbers.
- (a) (*The Triangle Inequality*). Prove that $|a + b| \leq |a| + |b|$.
 - (b) Prove that $||a| - |b|| \leq |a - b|$.
4. Let a and b be **positive** real numbers. Prove the following inequalities.
- (a) $\sqrt{ab} \leq \frac{a+b}{2}$. Equality holds iff $a = b$.
 - (b) $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \leq a + b$.
5. Let a be a real number satisfying $|a| < \varepsilon$ for every $\varepsilon > 0$. Prove that $a = 0$.
6. Let a and b be a real numbers satisfying $a < b + \varepsilon$ for every $\varepsilon > 0$. Prove that $a \leq b$.
7. Let x be any real number. Show that
- (a) $\max\{x, 0\} = \frac{x + |x|}{2}$, and
 - (b) $\min\{x, 0\} = \frac{x - |x|}{2}$.