

## Assignment #16

Due on Friday, April 5, 2013

Read Section 3.3, on *Invertibility*, in the class lecture notes at <http://pages.pomona.edu/~ajr04747/>

Do the following problems

1. Let  $A$  denote an  $m \times n$  matrix and let  $\{e_1, e_2, \dots, e_n\}$  denote the standard basis in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
  - (a) Prove that if  $A$  has a left-inverse,  $B$ , then the set  $\{Ae_1, Ae_2, \dots, Ae_n\}$  is a linearly independent subset of  $\mathbb{R}^m$ .
  - (b) Prove that if  $A$  has a right-inverse,  $C$ , then the set  $\{Ae_1, Ae_2, \dots, Ae_n\}$  spans  $\mathbb{R}^m$ .
2. Assume  $A \in \mathbb{M}(n, n)$  is invertible. Prove that the columns of  $A$  form a basis for  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
3. Let  $A$  and  $B$  denote  $n \times n$  matrices. Prove that if  $A$  and  $B$  are invertible, then so is their product,  $AB$ , and compute  $(AB)^{-1}$  in terms of  $A^{-1}$  and  $B^{-1}$ .
4. An  $n \times n$  matrix,  $E$ , is said to be an **elementary matrix** if it is the result of performing an elementary row operation on the  $n \times n$  identity matrix,  $I$ . Consider the following  $3 \times 3$  matrices

$$E_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad E_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ c & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \text{and} \quad E_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & d \end{pmatrix},$$

where  $c$  and  $d$  are scalars with  $d \neq 0$ .

- (a) Explain why  $E_1$ ,  $E_2$  and  $E_3$  are elementary matrices.
  - (b) Show that  $E_1$ ,  $E_2$  and  $E_3$  are invertible and compute their inverses. Are the inverses also elementary matrices?
  - (c) Given an  $3 \times 3$  matrix  $A$ , what is the result of multiplying  $A$  by  $E_1$ ,  $E_2$  and  $E_3$  on the left; that is, what are  $E_i A$ , for  $i = 1, 2, 3$ ?
5. Let  $A \in \mathbb{M}(n, n)$  be invertible. Prove that the transpose,  $A^T$ , of  $A$  is also invertible and compute its inverse. Deduce, therefore, that, if  $A$  is invertible, then the rows of  $A$  are linearly independent.