

Assignment #7

Due on Wednesday, February 18, 2009

Read Section 2.2 on *Gaussian Elimination* in Messer (pp. 69–74).

Read Section 2.3 on *Solving Linear Systems* in Messer (pp. 76–79).

Read Section 3.2 on *Span* in Messer (pp. 97–102).

Read Section 3.3 on *Linear Independence* in Messer (pp. 103–109).

Background and Definitions

(*Fundamental Theorem of Homogeneous Linear Systems; Theorem 2.6 in Messer, pg. 78*). A homogeneous system of m linear equations in n unknowns,

$$\begin{cases} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_n = 0 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \cdots + a_{2n}x_n = 0 \\ \vdots \\ a_{m1}x_1 + a_{m2}x_2 + \cdots + a_{mn}x_n = 0, \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

with $n > m$ has at least one nontrivial solution.

Do the following problems

1. Prove that if the homogeneous system in (1) has a nontrivial solution, then it has infinitely many solutions.
2. Consider the vectors v_1, v_2, v_3 and v_4 in \mathbb{R}^4 given by

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \quad v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \text{and} \quad v_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Determine whether the set $\{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4\}$ is linearly independent; if not, find a linearly independent subset of $\{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4\}$ which spans $\text{span}\{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4\}$.

3. Let

$$W = \text{span} \left(\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \right\} \right).$$

Find a linearly independent subset of W which spans W .

4. Let W denote the solution space of the system

$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 - 2x_2 - 2x_3 - x_4 + x_5 = 0 \\ x_1 - 3x_2 - 2x_5 = 0 \\ 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 - x_5 = 0 \\ -x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + x_4 - x_5 = 0. \end{cases}$$

Find a linearly independent subset, S , of \mathbb{R}^5 such that $W = \text{span}(S)$.

5. Determine whether or not the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ lies in the span of the set

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \right\}.$$