## Exam 1 (Part II)

Due on Friday, October 17, 2008

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

This is a closed book exam. Show all significant work and justify all your answers.

4. Let  $g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be a differentiable, real-valued function of a single variable with continuous derivative g'(r) for all  $r \in \mathbb{R}$ . Define scalar field  $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$  by

$$f(x,y,z) = g(\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}) \quad \text{for all } (x,y,z) \in \mathbb{R}^3$$

- (a) Show that f is differentiable for all (x, y, z) in ℝ<sup>3</sup> except possibly at the origin (0,0,0).
  Suggestion: Compute the partial derivatives of f and argue that they are continuous except possibly at the origin.
- (b) Compute the gradient of f in terms of  $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$ , the derivative g'(r) of g, and the vector  $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{r}} = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$ .
- 5. Let  $I \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  be an open interval and  $\sigma: I \to \mathbb{R}^n$  a differentiable path.
  - (a) Define  $g(t) = \|\sigma(t)\|^2$  for all  $t \in I$ . Show that g is differentiable and compute g'(t) for all  $t \in I$ .
  - (b) Suppose that  $\|\sigma(t)\| = c$ , a constant, for all  $t \in I$ . Show that  $\sigma(t)$  and  $\sigma'(t)$  are orthogonal (or perpendicular) to each other for all  $t \in I$ .