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## Assignment #19

## Due on Monday, November 18, 2013

**Read** Section 5.4 on *The Poisson Distribution* in DeGroot and Schervish. **Read** Section 5.6 on *The Normal Distribution* in DeGroot and Schervish.

1. Prove that if X and Y are independent random variables,

$$var(X + Y) = var(X) + var(Y).$$

Generalize this result to n independent random variables  $X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n$ .

- 2. Let  $X_n \sim \text{Poisson}(n)$ , for  $n = 1, 2, 3, \ldots$  Define  $Z_n = \frac{X_n n}{\sqrt{n}}$  for n = $1, 2, 3, \dots$  Use the mgf Convergence Theorem to find the limiting distribution of  $Z_n$ .
- 3. Let X and Y be independent continuous random variables with pdfs  $f_X$  and  $f_{y}$ , respectively. Let Z = X + Y and show that the pdf for Z is given by

$$f_Z(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_X(u) f_Y(z - u) \, \mathrm{d}u$$

for all  $z \in \mathbb{R}$ . This is known as the **convolution** of  $f_x$  and  $f_y$ .

Suggestion: To evaluate the double integral defining  $P(X + Y \le z)$ , make the change of variables u = x and v = x + y. Observe that with this change of variables, the region of integration in the uv-plane becomes:

$$\{(u, v) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid -\infty < u < \infty, -\infty < v < z\}.$$

4. Let X and Y be independent  $\chi^2(1)$  random variables; so that X and Y both have the pdf

$$f(u) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{u}} e^{-u/2} & \text{if } u > 0, \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Let Z = X + Y and use the convolution formula derived in the previous problem to compute the pdf of Z.

(*Hint*: The distribution of Z is a familiar one).

5. Use the result of the previous problem to compute the moment generating function of a  $\chi^2(1)$  random variable.