## Assignment #1

## Due on Wednesday, September 7, 2016

**Read** Section 2.2, *Bacterial Growth in a Chemostat*, in the class lecture notes at http://pages.pomona.edu/~ajr04747/.

**Do** the following problems

1. The diagram in Figure 1 shows a simplification of the chemostat model discussed in Section 2.2 in the class lecture notes at http://pages.pomona.edu/~ajr04747/. The compartment in the diagram in Figure 1 represents culture chamber con-

$$C_o$$

$$N(t)$$

$$Q(t)$$

Figure 1: One-Compartment Model

taining N(t) bacteria and a quantity Q(t) of nutrient at time t. The quantities N and Q are assumed to be differentiable functions of t. Assume also that there is no flow of culture in or out of the chamber and that the culture in the chamber is kept well–stirred. In addition, assume that there is an initial amount of nutrient,  $Q_o$ , at an initial concentration of  $C_o$ , and that there are  $N_o$  bacteria at time t = 0. Postulate that the per-capita growth, K(c), is a function of the nutrient concentration.

$$c(t) = \frac{Q(t)}{V},$$

where V is the volume of the culture, which is assumed to be constant. Assuming that  $Y=1/\alpha$  new cells are produced as s result of consumption of one unit of nutrient, apply conservations principles to obtain a model for the evolution of N and Q in the chamber.

2. Combine the differential equations derived in Problem 1 to show that

$$\frac{d}{dt}[\alpha N + Q] = 0.$$

Deduce therefore that

$$\alpha N(t) + Q(t) = \alpha N_o + Q_o$$
, for all t.

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$$c = \frac{A_o}{V} - \frac{\alpha}{V}N\tag{1}$$

for the concentration of nutrient.

- (a) Give and interpretation for the expression in (1).
- (b) Denote  $A_o/V$  by  $c_o$ . Explain why  $c_o$  is the nutrient concentration in the absence of bacteria.
- 4. Assume the constitutive equation K(c) = mc, where m is a positive constant of proportionality. Combine the results in Problems 1 and 3 to derive the differential equation

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = mN\left(c_o - \frac{\alpha}{V}N\right). \tag{2}$$

5. Set  $r = mc_o$  and  $L = \frac{c_o V}{\alpha}$ , and use (2) to derive a well-know differential equation model for bacterial growth. What is the equation?