Assignment #2

Due on Friday, January 30, 2009

Read Section 1.5 on *Euclidean Spaces* in Messer (pp. 21–27).

Do the following problems

1. Consider the vectors v_1 , v_2 and v_3 in \mathbb{R}^3 given by

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\2\\-1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\-3\\1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \text{and} \quad v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\7\\-3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Show that $v_3 \in \operatorname{span}\{v_1, v_2\}$.

2. Let v_1, v_2 and v_3 be as in Problem 1 above. Use the result of Problem 1 to show that

$$\operatorname{span}\{v_1, v_2, v_3\} = \operatorname{span}\{v_1, v_2\}.$$

Note: You need to show that one span is a subset of the other, and conversely, the other is a subset of the one.

- 3. Let v_1 and v_2 be as in Problem 1 above. Show that span $\{v_1, v_2\}$ is a plane through the origin in \mathbb{R}^3 and give the equation of the plane.
- 4. Let v_1 and v_2 be as in Problem 1 above. Find a vector in \mathbb{R}^3 which is not in the span of v_1 and v_2 . Call the vector v_4 and show that

$$\operatorname{span}\{v_1, v_2, v_4\} = \mathbb{R}^3.$$

5. Let v_1 and v_2 be as in Problem 1 above. Determine, if possible, a value of c for which the vector

$$\left(\begin{array}{c}
4\\
1\\
c
\end{array}\right)$$

lies in span $\{v_1, v_2\}$. How many values of c with that property are there?