## Exam 1 (Part I)

Friday, March 8, 2013

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

This is a closed book exam. Show all significant work and provide reasoning for all your assertions. Use your own paper and/or the paper provided by the instructor. You have 50 minutes to work on the following 3 problems. Relax.

- 1. Answer the following questions as thoroughly as possible.
  - (a) State precisely what it means for the subset, S, of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  to be linearly independent.
  - (b) Let W denote a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and B a subset of W. State precisely what it means for B to be a basis for W.
  - (c) Define the dimension of a subspace, W, of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
  - (d) Let W denote a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  with ordered basis  $B = \{w_1, w_2, \dots, w_k\}$ . For any vector, w in W, define  $[w]_B$ , the coordinates of w relative to B.
  - (e) Given vectors v and w in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , state what it means for v and w to be orthogonal.
- 2. Let S denote a subset of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
  - (a) Give a definition of  $\operatorname{span}(S)$ .
  - (b) Let  $v_1, v_2$  and  $v_3$  denote vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Assume that  $v_3 \in \text{span}(\{v_1, v_2\})$ . Prove that

$$\operatorname{span}(\{v_1, v_2\}) = \operatorname{span}(\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}).$$

- 3. Let W denote a subset of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
  - (a) State precisely what it means for W to be a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
  - (b) Let  $\langle v, w \rangle$  denote the Euclidean inner product in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . For a fixed vector u in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , define the set

$$W = \{ w \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \langle u, w \rangle = 0 \}.$$

Prove that W is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .