## Review Problems for Exam 2

(1) Let $X$ and $Y$ be independent Exponential(1) random variables. Put $Z=\frac{Y}{X}$. Compute the distribution functions $F_{Z}(z)$ and $f_{Z}(z)$.
(2) A random point $(X, Y)$ is distributed uniformly on the square with vertices $(-1,-1)$, $(1,-1),(1,1)$ and $(-1,1)$.
(a) Give the joint pdf for $X$ and $Y$.
(b) Compute the following probabilities: (i) $P\left(X^{2}+Y^{2}<1\right)$, (ii) $P(2 X-Y>0)$, (iii) $P(|X+Y|<2)$.
(3) Let $F_{(X, Y)}$ be the joint cdf of two random variables $X$ and $Y$. For real constants $a<b$, $c<d$, show that

$$
\operatorname{Pr}(a<X \leq b, c<Y \leq d)=F_{(X, Y)}(b, d)-F_{(X, Y)}(b, c)-F_{(X, Y)}(a, d)+F_{(X, Y)}(a, c) .
$$

Use this result to show that

$$
F(x, y)= \begin{cases}1 & \text { if } x+2 y \geq 1 \\ 0 & \text { otherwise }\end{cases}
$$

cannot be the joint cdf of two random variables.
(4) The random pair ( $X, Y$ ) has the joint distribution

| $\mathrm{X} \backslash \mathrm{Y}$ | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ | 0 |
| 2 | $\frac{1}{6}$ | 0 | $\frac{1}{3}$ |
| 3 | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ | 0 |

(a) Show that $X$ and $Y$ are not independent.
(b) Give a probability table for random variables $U$ and $V$ that have the same marginal distributions as $X$ and $Y$, respectively, but are independent.
(5) Let $X$ denote the number of trials needed to obtain the first head, and let $Y$ be the number of trials needed to get two heads in repeated tosses of a fair coin. Are $X$ and $Y$ independent random variables?
(6) Prove that if the joint cdf of $X$ and $Y$ satisfies

$$
F_{X, Y}(x, y)=F_{X}(x) F_{Y}(y),
$$

then for any pair of intervals $(a, b)$ and $(c, d)$,

$$
P(a<X \leq b, c<Y \leq d)=P(a<X \leq b) P(c<Y \leq d) .
$$

(7) Let $g(t)$ denote a non-negative, integrable function of a single variable with the property that

$$
\int_{0}^{\infty} g(t) d t=1
$$

Define

$$
f(x, y)= \begin{cases}\frac{2 g\left(\sqrt{x^{2}+y^{2}}\right)}{\pi \sqrt{x^{2}+y^{2}}} & \text { for } 0<x<\infty, 0<y<\infty \\ 0 & \text { otherwise }\end{cases}
$$

Show that $f(x, y)$ is a joint pdf for two random variables $X$ and $Y$.
(8) Suppose that $X$ and $Y$ are independent random variables such that $X \sim \operatorname{Uniform}(0,1)$ and $Y \sim \operatorname{Exponential}(1)$.
(a) Let $Z=X+Y$. Find $F_{z}$ and $f_{Z}$.
(b) Let $U=Y / X$. Find $F_{U}$ and $f_{U}$.
(9) Let $X \sim$ Exponential(1), and define $Y$ to be the integer part of $X+1$; that is, $Y=i+1$ if and only if $i \leq X<i+1$, for $i=0,1,2, \ldots$ Find the pmf of $Y$, and deduce that $Y \sim \operatorname{Geometric}(p)$ for some $0<p<1$. What is the value of $p$ ?
(10) Suppose that two persons make an appointment to meet between 5 PM and 6 PM at a certain location and they agree that neither person will wait more than 10 minutes for each person. If they arrive independently at random times between 5 PM and 6 PM, what is the probability that they will meet?

