

Name: _____

Let $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n \sim N(\theta, \theta)$, independently. Find the Fisher Information for θ in the random sample.

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}f(x|\theta) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\theta}} \exp\{-(x-\theta)^2/2\theta\} \\ \lambda(x|\theta) &= \frac{-1}{2} \ln 2\pi - \frac{1}{2} \ln \theta - \frac{(x-\theta)^2}{2\theta} \\ &= \frac{-1}{2} \ln 2\pi - \frac{1}{2} \ln \theta - \frac{x^2}{2\theta} + \frac{2x\theta}{2\theta} - \frac{\theta^2}{2\theta} \\ \lambda'(x|\theta) &= \frac{-1}{2\theta} + \frac{x^2}{2\theta^2} + 0 - \frac{1}{2} \\ \lambda''(x|\theta) &= \frac{1}{2\theta^2} - \frac{2x^2}{2\theta^3} \\ I(\theta) &= -E[\lambda''(X|\theta)] \\ &= \frac{-1}{2\theta^2} + \frac{E[X^2]}{\theta^3} \\ &= \frac{-1}{2\theta^2} + \frac{(\theta + \theta^2)}{\theta^3} \\ &= \frac{1 + 2\theta}{\theta^2} \\ I_n(\theta) &= \frac{n(1 + 2\theta)}{\theta^2}\end{aligned}$$

Note, by differentiating the log-likelihood (and using the quadratic formula), you can find that the MLE is:

$$\hat{\theta} = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + 4 \frac{\sum x_i^2}{n}}}{2}$$

Using the CRLB and the theorems in the book, we can show that the MLE has an approximate normal distribution centered around θ with variance given above by the Fisher Information.