

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

According to some investors, foreign stocks have the potential for high yield, but the variability in their dividends may be greater than what is typical for American companies. **If we believe that foreign stock prices are distributed similarly (normal with the same mean and variance)** to American stock prices, how likely is it that a sample of 10 foreign stocks would produce a standard deviation which is 50% bigger than American stocks?

**Solution:**

$$\begin{aligned}P(\hat{\sigma}/\sigma > 1.5) &= ? \\ \frac{\sum(X_i - \bar{X})^2}{\sigma^2} &\sim \chi_{n-1}^2 \quad (\text{normality assumption}) \\ \frac{\sum(X_i - \bar{X})^2}{\sigma^2} &= n \frac{\sum(X_i - \bar{X})^2/n}{\sigma^2} \\ &= \frac{n\hat{\sigma}^2}{\sigma^2} \\ P(\hat{\sigma}/\sigma > 1.5) &= P(\hat{\sigma}^2/\sigma^2 > 1.5^2) \\ &= P(n\hat{\sigma}^2/\sigma^2 > n1.5^2) \\ &= 1 - \chi_{n-1}^2(n1.5^2) \\ &= 1 - \chi_{n-1}^2(22.5) < .01 \quad (\text{see table pg 774-775})\end{aligned}$$