Enol and Enolate Chemistry March 2, 2020

- Acidity and keto-enol tautomerism.
- · Racemization pathways for chiral aldehydes and ketones
- The haloform and HVZ reactions.
- Lithium enolates and their alkylation.
 - A useful pKa trick for predicting acid-base equilibria.

110b Teaching Fellows: Felipe Becerril, Christina Beck, Isabelle Cheng, Junha Gu, Nathalie Hong, Shy Lavasani, Allison Liu, Casey Morrison, Jerusalem Nerayo, Eric Tang, Baili Zhong, Martín Acosta Parra.

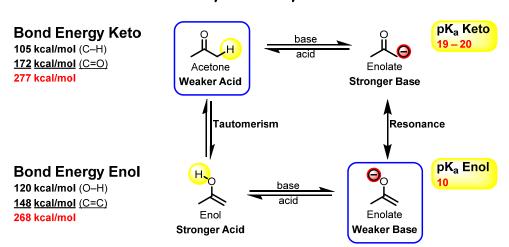
O'Leary office hours: T/Th 9:30-10:00 am, SN 208.

Chemistry Seminar! Dr. Levi Moore, US Air Force Research Lab. "Next-Generation Propulsion Materials using Thiol-ene Click Chemistry: Research in the Applied Materials Group at the Air Force Research Laboratory," 11:00 AM Tuesday, March 3, SN Aud.

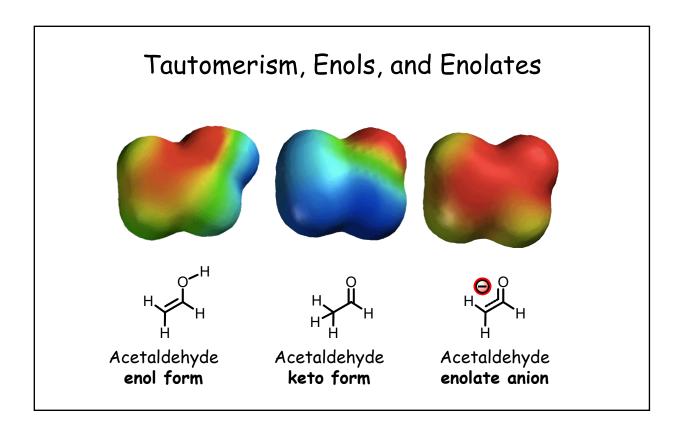
O'Leary's evening review session: Wednesdays 7:00 PM, SN Aud. Course website: http://pages.pomona.edu/~djo04747/110/

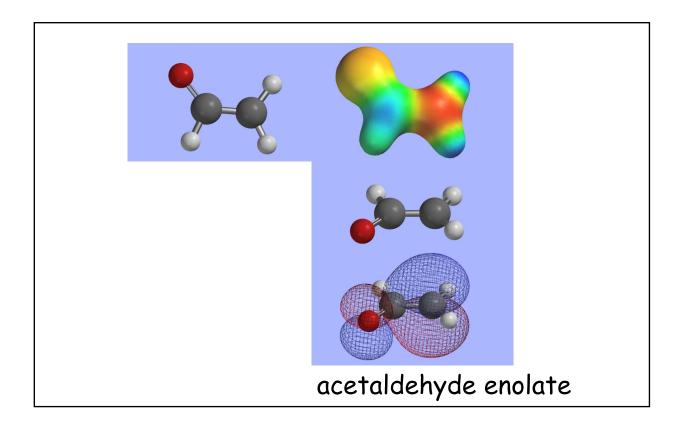
Suggested Problems for Exam 3. 10E/11E Chapter 18 problems: 15, 16, 20, 21, 26, 27, 29, 30, 32, 34.

Tautomerism, Enols, and Enolates



Tautomerism: The equilibrated formation of enols from acyl groups through proton exchange. In most cases the equilibrium will favor the keto form over the enol form.





Haloform Reaction



The **iodoform test** is an analytical reaction used to test for methyl ketones (before NMR). A positive test produces iodoform (CHI₃), a heavy, pale yellow solid that is insoluble in water. The test will also give a positive result in the presence of acetaldehyde and ethanol.

Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky (HVZ) Reaction

The Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction effects the synthesis of a-halogenated carboxylic acids. These are useful synthetic intermediates that easily lead to a-amino and a-hydroxy acids through nucleophilic displacement.