Score: _____ /15

Homework 6 (Due Wed, May 21)

Math 1060Q – Summer 2014 Professor Hohn

Answer the following questions.

- 1. Suppose $p(x) = 5 3x^2$ and $q(x) = 4x + 6x^5$.
 - (a) What is the degree of p?

(b) What is the degree of q?

(c) Write a formula for pq.

(d) What is the degree of pg?

2. Explain why the polynomial p defined by $p(x) = x^2 + 1$ has no (real) zeros.

3. Find a polynomial p of degree 3 such that -1, 2, 5 are zeros of p and p(0) = 1.

4. Find a polynomial p of degree 5 such that 0, 3, -2, 9 are zeros of p and p(1) = -4.

5. Suppose

$$r(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2 - 1}$$
 $s(x) = \frac{3x + 2}{x^2 + 1}$

(a) Write r + s as a ratio of two polynomials.

(b) Write $\left(\frac{r}{s}\right)$ as a ratio of two polynomials.

6. Suppose

$$r(x) = \frac{x^5 + 3x^4 - 6}{2x^2 - 5}.$$

- (a) Write the domain of r(x) in interval notation.
- (b) Find the asymptotes of the graph of r(x).

7. Suppose

$$r(x) = \frac{3x+1}{x^2 + x - 2}.$$

- (a) Write the domain of r(x) in interval notation.
- (b) Find the asymptotes of the graph of r(x).

8. Suppose

$$r(x) = \frac{-2x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 5x - 6}.$$

- (a) Write the domain of r(x) in interval notation.
- (b) Find the asymptotes of the graph of r(x).