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Name: $\qquad$

## Worksheet 4 - Section 14.4, 14.5, 14. 6 (Due Tues, Oct 7)

## Math 2110Q - Fall 2014

## Professor Hohn

You must show all of your work to receive full credit!

1. If $R$ is the total resistance of there resistors, connected in parallel, with resisitances $R_{1}, R_{2}$, $R_{3}$, then

$$
\frac{1}{R}=\frac{1}{R_{1}}+\frac{1}{R_{2}}+\frac{1}{R_{3}}
$$

If the resistances are measured in ohms as $R_{1}=25 \Omega, R_{2}=40 \Omega, R_{3}=50 \Omega$, with a possible error of $0.5 \%$ in each case, estimate the maximum error in the calculated value of $R$.
2. If $z=f(x, y)$, where $x=r \cos \theta$, and $y=r \sin \theta$, find (a) $\partial z / \partial r$
(b) $\partial z / \partial \theta$
(c) $\partial^{2} z / \partial r \partial \theta$
3. Show that any function of the form

$$
z=f(x+a t)+g(x-a t)
$$

is a solution of the wave equation

$$
\frac{\partial^{2} z}{\partial t^{2}}=a^{2} \frac{\partial^{2} z}{\partial x^{2}}
$$

[Hint: Let $u=x+a t$ and $v=x-a t$.]
4. Find the maximum rate of change of $f(x, y, z)=(x+y) / z$ at the point $(1,1,-1)$ and the direction in which it occurs.

