1. Suppose $f$ and $g$ are the functions completely defined by the tables below:

| $x$ | $f(x)$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1 | -2 |
| -3 | 1 |
| 5 | -4 |


| $x$ | $g(x)$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| -4 | 1 |
| -2 | -3 |
| 1 | 5 |

Make a table of $f \circ g$ and a table of $g \circ f$.
2. Let $f(x)=\frac{7 x+8}{x+4}$.
(a) Find the domain of $f$.
(b) Find the range of $f$.
(c) Find a formula for $f^{-1}$.
(d) Find the domain of $f^{-1}$.
(e) Find the range of $f^{-1}$.
3. Find the maximum value of $5-8 x-2 x^{2}$.
4. Write $\frac{27^{100}}{9^{45}}$ as a power of 3 .
5. Give an example of a function that is neither even nor odd, and explain why it is neither.
6. Find a number $t$ such that the line containing the points $(t,-5)$ and $(-3,5)$ is perpendicular to the line that contains the points $(-5,7)$ and $(1,11)$.
7. Find a number $t$ such that the equation $x^{2}+t x+3=0$ has exactly one solution.
8. Suppose $g(x)=3+\frac{x}{5 x-2}$. Find the formula for $g^{-1}$.
9. What is the minimum value of the function $f$ defined by $f(x)=4 x^{2}-8 x+11$ ? The graph of f is a parabola. Find the vertex of the parabola.
10. Let $f(-1)=10, f(2)=4$, and $f(3)=2$. Make a table for $g(x)$ where $g(x)=5 f(3 x+2)-1$. Find the domain and range of $g(x)$.
11. Show that for every real number $t$, the point $(5-3 t, 7-4 t)$ is on the line containing the points $(2,3)$ and $(5,7)$.
12. Simplify $\left(\frac{x y^{-3}}{x^{5} y^{-10} z^{3}}\right)^{-3}$.
13. Find all real numbers $x$ such that $2 x^{4}-20 x^{2}-22=0$.
14. Let $f(x)=\frac{3 x^{2}+5 x+1}{2 x^{2}-4 x+2}$. Find the horizontal and vertical asymptotes and zeros of $f(x)$.
15. Find two postive numbers whose difference equals 4 and whose product equals 15 .
16. Write $\frac{(1+3 i)^{2}}{5-2 i}$ in $a+b i$ form.
17. Simplify the expression $\left(\frac{\left(t^{3} w^{5}\right)^{-3}}{\left(t^{-3} w^{2}\right)^{4}}\right)^{-2} \cdot$
18. Suppose f is a function with domain $[1,3]$ and range $[2,5]$. Define functions $g$ and $h$ by

$$
g(x)=4 f(x) \quad \text { and } \quad h(x)=f(3 x)
$$

(a) What is the domain of $g$ ?
(b) What is the range of $g$ ?
(c) What is the domain of h?
(d) What is the range of $h$ ?
19. Fill in the blank.
(a) Let $f(x)$ be a function and $x$ be in the domain of $f$. Then $f^{-1}(f(x))=$ $\qquad$ .
(b) The equation of the graph $g(x)$ that is obtained by horizontally stretching the graph of $f(x) 5$ units and by shifting down 7 units is $\qquad$ -
(c) The degree of the polynomial $p(x)=4+6 x^{5}+3 x^{2}$ is $\qquad$ .
(d) The function $g(x)=3 x^{3}+x$ is a function that is even, odd, or neither $\qquad$ $-$
(e) An example of a polynomial of degree four whose only zeros are $-3,4$, and 1 is
$\qquad$ -

